WEYMOUTH ENDOSCOPY, LLC.

CONSENT FOR COLONOSCOPY

My physician has recommended a Colonoscopy to evaluate the following condition:

1. CONDITION

My physician has explained to me the technique of Colonoscopy, the risks and benefits of Colonoscopy, additional procedures, which may be performed during Colonoscopy and the way in which I will be sedated for my Colonoscopy. I have had an opportunity to ask any questions, discuss alternative therapies, risk and benefits and I have received appropriate responses to these questions.

2. PROCEDURE

DESCRIPTION OF COLONOSCOPY

Colonoscopy is an examination of the Colon, using a flexible scope, which will be inserted into the rectum and advanced under visual guidance throughout the entire length of the colon to its junction with the small intestine into the cecum and sometimes into the small intestine. During Colonoscopy, an image of the inside lining of the colon is portrayed on a video monitor and reviewed by my physician. This technique allows the physician a detailed examination of the lining of the bowel where pathology is most likely to occur. This technique has the ability to diagnose most of the common diseases of the colon and to exclude those diagnoses, which are of the greatest concern. Any tissue removed during Colonoscopy will be sent to a pathology laboratory where a Pathologist will review it. A colonoscopy is an imperfect exam and there is a small but real possibility that significant pathology including polyps and small cancers may be missed.

ADDITIONAL PROCEDURES:

Additional procedures are commonly performed during Colonoscopy, which include biopsies of the lining of the large bowel, Polypectomy, which is the removal of polyps and cautery of abnormal blood vessels. Sometimes dilation of stricture or tattoo of lesion site is required. These procedures are performed routinely in Colonoscopy if the appropriate pathology is identified during that examination.

3. RISKS AND BENEFITS

RISKS OF COLONOSCOPY:

The risks of Colonoscopy are rare, but may be serious and life threatening. These risks include perforation of the colon by the Colonoscope, which usually requires surgical repair. It is possible that a Colostomy may need to be performed during the repair of a perforation. Additional risks include bleeding, which is most likely to occur after removal of a polyp. Bleeding is usually self-limited, but may be serious and can possibly require transfusions and/or surgery to control. Infections, leakage of air from the bowel into the abdominal cavity are also possible complications. Additional risks associated with any invasive procedure, but not specifically associated with Colonoscopy include unanticipated bleeding, development of blood clots, tissue damage, respiratory problems, infections, and cardiovascular or pulmonary complications. I understand that do not resuscitate directives will not be honored at this facility.

SEDATION:

During Colonoscopy I will receive intravenous medicine for sedation. This technique may use several different medications alone or in combination, which result in the induction of a sleep like state, during which memory is often impaired. The degree of sedation varies from person to person and it is conceivable that some pain may be felt during the procedure or some discomfort remembered after the procedure. My physician is limited in the amount of medicine that can be administered by safety factors and changes in my vital signs. Complications from sedation include: Inadequate Respiration, which may require respiratory assistance or reversal of the sedative, low blood pressure, erratic or slow pulse rate, all of which may require administration of additional medications.

4. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I understand the need for Colonoscopy. I understand the potential benefit of the procedure and the potential risks associated with it.

5. CONSENT		
I give my consent to have the procedure perfe	ormed by Dr.	
Patient/Legal Representative	Witness	
MD		
Physician Signature	Date	